

THE SALT LAKE HERALD

Published Every Day in the Year.
BY THE HERALD COMPANY.

Terms of Subscription.
DAILY AND SUNDAY—One month, \$3.00; three months, \$8.00; one year, \$24.00.
SUNDAY—One year, \$10.00.
SEMI-WEEKLY—(In advance) one year, \$1.50; six months, 75 cents.

Eastern offices: W. J. Morton in charge—150 Nassau street, New York, N. Y.
Washington office: Chicago.

Subscribers wishing address of paper changed must give former as well as present address.

All papers are continued until explicit order is received to discontinue. All arrears must be paid in every case.

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San Francisco—Palace Hotel, and N. Wheatley, corner Market and Kearney streets.

Portland, Ore.—Portland Hotel.
Los Angeles—Oliver & Haines.
Minneapolis—West Hotel.
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AMUSEMENTS FOR TODAY.
Salt Lake—Matinee and night, "Captain Debonnaire."
Orpheum—Matinee and night, vaudeville.
Grand—Matinee and night, "Niobe."
Lyric—Matinee and night, "Yankee Doodle Girls."

WEATHER FOR SALT LAKE.
Fair.

THE METALS.
Silver, 65 1/2c per ounce.
Copper (cast), 17 1/2c per pound.
Lead, 5.35 per 100 pounds.

HIGHER GOVERNMENT SALARIES.

The Gallinger bill providing for increases in the salaries of the president, vice president, speaker of the house, cabinet members and senators and representatives is entitled to and should receive favorable consideration. The measure proposes to pay the president \$75,000 instead of \$50,000 a year, the vice president and members of the cabinet \$15,000 instead of \$8,000, the speaker of the house \$12,000 instead of \$8,000, and senators and representatives \$7,500 instead of \$5,000.

The increase proposed are not at all unreasonable. They will not, if the bill becomes a law, take effect until March 4, 1909, so that the house of representatives to be elected next fall will not benefit by it. The terms of salary of the present senators will have expired before the date named for the law to take effect. So the thirty senators whose terms run beyond March 4, 1909, could refrain from voting on the bill and it might still become a law.

The agitation for a substantial increase in the presidential salary has been going on for a long time. The cost of maintaining the dignity of the office has increased tremendously. There is little doubt that President Roosevelt will quit the place a poorer man than when he entered it. We should pay our presidents at least enough to enable them to entertain properly. The present salary is entirely out of proportion to the work and the responsibility.

The same thing may be said with justice about the salaries of cabinet officers and the vice president. There is not a member of the cabinet who doesn't make a large money sacrifice every year he remains in office. None of them can possibly live, at the scale at which they are absolutely required to live, and not spend more than \$8,000 a year. All of them could make very much more money in private life.

The average representative and senator is in the same position. A great majority of them could earn more than \$5,000 a year in private life. Those who are honest, and most of them are, make personal sacrifices in order to stay in congress. It is certainly possible to believe that the character of congress in respect to ability would be improved by an increase in the pay of the members.

PRIZE RING MURDERS.

It is more than probable that the gentle game of prize-fighting has received its death blow in San Francisco, one of the very few referees still open to pugilists. Two killings in the ring within a month constitute an ugly fact. The last one was a particularly brutal affair. A man who was absolutely helpless was beaten so terrifically that a few hours later he died.

There is no possible justification for that sort of thing. The referee should have stopped the fight when the man who did the killing had his opponent at a point where he could not defend himself. The referee failed in his duty, and he is equally responsible with the pugilist for the homicide. The police, too, cannot evade responsibility. They were at the ringside and they should have stopped the fight when the referee refused to do so.

The argument is made that the dead pugilist did not lose his life as a result of the fearful pummeling he received. One story says that he was subject to epileptic fits and that he really died in one of them. Another report is that between rounds he was given strychnine to keep him up to his work, and that the strychnine killed him. It would not be surprising if somebody should assert that the stricken fighter fell against the fist of his antagonist and so committed suicide. Still, one cold fact cannot be argued away. If the fighter who is dead had not entered the ring he would be alive today. Nobody will dispute that proposition.

Properly conducted boxing matches are not dangerous to life or limb, but matches in which one man is permitted to pummel another who cannot raise his hands to defend himself should be prohibited in every decent community. They are brutalizing, debasing, degrading spectacles, bad for those who see

them, bad for those who read about them. There is no true sportsmanship in them, nothing whatever to excuse their continued existence.

More men are killed in football games than in prize-fights, but that does not justify the killing of men in prize rings. Football is regarded by many as an extremely rough, rowdy, dangerous game that should be forever prohibited, but that does not make the beating of used-up men in a prize ring any less brutal, any less shocking, any less detestable.

ELECTRICITY AND EYESIGHT.

Dr. H. Preston Pratt, testifying in an action for damages in the sum of \$50,000 filed by a Chicago woman against an electric traction company, declares that we will eventually pay with blindness for our electric lights and electrical power. The plaintiff in the case claims that she has been rendered partly blind and paralyzed by an electric current generated by the defendant that passed into her body through the atmosphere. If her claim is ordered paid she will have opened a way for much litigation that will be expensive to the companies generating electricity for lights and power.

Most interesting is the theory that, unless we stop using so much electricity, we will all go blind. Dr. Pratt testified that eye troubles have been increasing at an alarmingly rapid rate and he attributes the fact to electricity. Shocks from telephone batteries, sparks from trolley poles, the snapping and crackling of dynamos, wavering incandescents, sputtering arc lights, all are doing their work according to Dr. Pratt, toward making the United States "a spectacle and blinking nation."

Most people will refuse to become excited over the matter, however. American citizens, whether they were born in Missouri or not, are strongly imbued with the theory that they must be "showed." Let somebody prepare statistics regarding workers around electrical plants, also electric railway employees, motormen, conductors, linemen for telephone and telegraph and electric light and power companies. Are their eyes failing? Are any of them going blind? What percentage of them are affected, and may not the troubles of a considerable proportion of the affected percentage be due to age or something besides electricity?

A good deal will depend upon the answers to these questions. If eye troubles among electrical workers are no more numerous than among the other classes of employees then there cannot be a great deal in Dr. Pratt's theory. If, on the other hand, it is shown that electricians suffer to a considerable extent there will be reason for believing he may be right. Certainly until more reliable data is at hand there will be no cause for alarm.

DISPENSARIES A FAILURE.

The South Carolina dispensary system, an experiment in state control and management of the traffic in intoxicants, is about to be discarded because it has proven to be a failure. The legislature has passed a bill doing away with the dispensaries and restoring the old licensing and police regulation plan. The dispensary law was passed in the hope that it would result in decreasing the use of intoxicants. The state owned the dramshops and refused to sell intoxicants except under the most rigid regulations.

Liquors could not be drunk on the premises on which they were sold, minors were not permitted about the places, no whisky was sold to men known to be drunkards. For a time the plan worked very well, indeed. Then "blind pigs," or places where liquor is sold without a license, began to spring up. Presently the state was honey-combed with them and, as they were up, the officers could not break them up.

Finally the state was shocked by stories of scandals in the purchase of liquors by agents of the state. It was said that state officers were receiving commissions from whisky distillers and merchants for buying their wares. So matters went from bad to worse, until the demand for the repeal of the law became too great to be resisted. The crowning blow was the supreme court's decision that the state must pay internal revenue taxes on its liquor sales, just as private saloonmen do.

The report of the Portland fair commission shows that the confidence reposed in that body was abundantly justified. The funds were carefully and economically disbursed and a balance of \$2,700 has been returned to the state treasury. We cannot help, however, remembering that the commission started on the high road to successful administration by electing a capable newspaper man, Michael F. Cunningham, as secretary.

It develops that Dougherty, superintendent of the Peoria public schools, stole a matter of \$600,000. As some of the orders he forged were for sums of less than \$5, it will be seen that Mr. Dougherty must have been a very industrious citizen. However, he is now located where his work will be a help, rather than a hindrance to the state.

It costs a trifle more than \$156,228 a day to maintain the regular army. With the navy maintenance added, the total is well above \$200,000 a day. This world power business comes high, but apparently we must have it.

If the Gallinger bill, which provides for an increase of the president's salary to \$75,000 a year, goes through, a lot more of us will feel that we could afford to accept the position.

Now the brother of "Scotty" has been waylaid and shot in a most mysterious manner. A love of notoriety seems to run in the family.



The Sophomore class of the high school gave a hard times dance at Unity hall last evening, and much merriment was caused by the queer costumes worn by the young people. The hall was hung with the school colors, and the affair was under the chaperonage of Mrs. Frank B. Stephens, Mrs. W. H. Bantz, Miss Clarissa Ellerbeck, Miss Mary Mayne and Miss Mildred Tibbatts.

The Sophomore class of the university and their friends enjoyed the sophomore assembly in the museum building last evening. The affair was under the patronage of several of the professors and their wives and was managed by the boys of the class.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry C. Fryman of Los Angeles, who have spent the past few days with Salt Lake friends, will leave today over the Salt Lake Route for their home.

The P. E. O. society meets this afternoon with Mrs. C. H. McMahon at 40 J street. A special programme will be rendered in honor of Mrs. John Reed of Denver.

Miss Althea Wheeler gives a small luncheon today in compliment to Mrs. Edward Emil Nelson.

Miss Katherine Mackenzie will be the guest of honor today at a luncheon to be given at the Halls by Miss Edie Riddle.

Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Armstrong will leave tomorrow for a month's stay in New York.

Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Monahan have moved and are now at home at Bingham Junction.

Dorothy Colborn entertained about a score of her little friends at a masquerade last evening at the Colborn home in Popperston.

Mrs. C. E. Tolhurst and her little daughter have gone to Ogden to spend a few days with friends.

Mrs. Henry M. Dinwoody is back from Chicago, where she has spent the past two months in study under Torrens.

Bishop F. S. Spalding and his sister, Miss Spalding, will be home today from the east, where they have spent several months.

John Napper and daughter, Mrs. A. Blackstock, leave tomorrow morning for Caldwell, Ida., where they will make their future home.

Mrs. Overfield, mother of C. P. Overfield, will leave today with her son for a stay of a fortnight in Colorado.

Mrs. Ida Smoot Dusenberry of Provo is in the city spending a few days with friends.

A special meeting of the P. E. O. society will be held this afternoon at the home of Mrs. C. H. McMahon, 40 J street. Mrs. John Reed of Denver will be the guest of honor.

Childs Floral Co.
Now located at 122 Main street. Grand opening Saturday. Carnations free for ladies.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.
1880—Ray E. Montrose, Salt Lake.
Carrie E. Knight, Salt Lake.
1881—William J. Dearing, Murray.
Christena Jensen, Taylorsville.

Don't fail to see Mathews Candy Co.'s new \$10,000 Fountain at 122 Main street. Open Saturday at 1:00. Free carnations to ladies.

CLEVER PARAGRAPHS.

The Reward of Honesty.
(Philadelphia Telegraph.)

A Camden boy was given five cents reward for returning \$200 that he had found in the street. It is a wonder that the youngest little youngster wasn't charged with interest at the rate of 6 per cent during the time the money was in his possession.

Unless They Make It Hot for Him.
(Los Angeles Times.)

Mr. Fairbanks is generally regarded as an iceberg. This being the case he ought to be able to freeze out the other aspirants for the presidential nomination.

Imagine Those Two Making Love!
(Baltimore Sun.)

Senator Tillman is to act as Mr. Roosevelt's "next friend" in the senate. Railway rate legislation makes strange bedfellows.

Now Will La Follette Start Something!
(Chicago Record-Herald.)

After all, what a dreary, flat, stale, if profitable place the senate would be without Tillman.

But the Century is Young Yet.
(Houston Post.)

"President Roosevelt is the greatest man of the century," declares Senator Lodge.

4,000,000 ROLLS WALL PAPER.

We had to buy this enormous amount to get the lowest jobber's price. We will give you a correspondingly low price. Geo. W. Ebert & Co., 57 Main.

DEMANDED A CORRECTION.

(Anaconda Standard.)
Some months ago, in chronicling the killing of a man in one of the mines around Butte, a local paper remarked that he had two cousins in the camp. Next day, within a few hours after the paper was delivered to subscribers, a delegation of eleven appeared in the office of the paper and indignantly demanded that the story be printed all over again, and printed right.

"What's wrong about it?"
"Why, you said he had two cousins. We are all cousins of his. Count us."

TO THE PUBLIC.

The 1906 edition of R. L. Polk & Co.'s Salt Lake City Directory is now in press. All persons who have recently made any change in their business or residence locations, and all newcomers, are requested to write or call at our offices in order to insure correct insertion of their names, business, etc. No changes will be taken over the "phone."

W. P. COOPER, Sec. and Mgr.
617-620 Dooly Bldg.

Keith-O'Brien Co.

Ladies' Shirt Waist Suit

Made of a good quality of mohair. The colors are blue, gray and brown. The suit is made with a good style plaited skirt, strictly tailored shirt waist. The stock and belt are of the same material. Reduced Friday and Saturday to

\$6.75

Women's best rubbers—60c.

Ribbon Sale

Splendid quality of taffeta. All the standard colors, including the new shades. The widths are Nos. 40, 60 and 80. The regular prices are 25c and 30c.

15 cts

Ladies' Gloves

From \$2.00
A broken stock of fine kid gloves is being closed out, sizes 5 1/2, 6 and 7 1/2. These are \$2.00 values, and if your size is among them a pair will be a nice pick-up.

98 cts

From \$2.00
The famous Nonpareil glove is considered the best in point of wear. It is made of fine French kid, plique finish. Special price for Saturday.

\$1.80

Cashmere silk lined glove in black and colors, sizes 6 1/2, 7, 7 1/2 and 8. Special for Saturday.

49 cts

Shirt Samples.

Some Splendid Saturday Savings Shown in this Special Stock—Several Style Suggestions for Spring.

A sample line—the limited stock which a traveling man carries—is always first class. The lot consists of 50 dozen. The lowest prices similar shirts have sold at are 75c and \$1.00.

Cuffs attached and detached. Some of the shirts are tan colored. Some have blue stripes. All are neat for spring

50c

Men's Kid Gloves

Handsome stock of kid gloves. All sizes and colors. Special Saturday price.

80c



\$2.95

Consolidation of lines of women's shoes that sold for \$3.50 and \$4, consisting of patents, gun metals and vici kid in hand-turned and welt soles at \$2.95.

\$2.35

Lines of women's hose in military and Cuban heels. Also for young misses, shoes with low heels, all leathers. Reduced from \$2.75 and \$3 to \$2.35.

Washable Stock Collars

White and colors—newest styles—for Saturday only.

19c

White Wash Silk.

Special Prices for Saturday.

We have just received a shipment of White Wash Silks of splendid quality. The reductions are about 20 per cent under regular prices.

27-inch, extra value, yard, - 65c
27-inch, regular 90c value, yard, - 75c
36-inch, regular \$1.25 value, yard, 95c
36-inch, regular \$1.50 value, yard, \$1.19

SALT LAKE THEATRE GEO. D. PYPER MANAGER.

MATINEE TODAY AT 2:15.
TONIGHT LAST TIME

Jules Murry presents
PAUL GILMORE

—in—
CAPTAIN DEBONNAIRE

A Big Company in a Mammoth Spectacular Comedy.
THE GREATEST SWORD FIGHT EVER PRODUCED ON THE STAGE.

Prices, 25c to \$1.50; Matinee, 25c to \$1.00.
Monday evening—The Orpheus Club.

NEW GRAND THEATRE

R. J. RIDDELL, MGR.
Big Souvenir Matinee Today at 2:30 p. m.

TONIGHT LAST TIME OF AMERICA'S FOREMOST EMOTIONAL ACTRESS

MISS GEORGIA HARPER
In the Great Comedy Mixup.

NI OBE

Read what the press say about it. Notice on next Monday evening after the performance a wedding will take place between Mr. George Haley of the Harper company and Miss Hattie Watson, a popular young lady of this city. Everybody invited. Be sure and come Sunday. Miss Georgia Harper in "Frou Frou."

Night prices, 15c, 25c, 50c, 75c. Matinee, 15c, 25c.

Orpheum

MODERN VAUDEVILLE.

THOMAS KEOGH & CO.
In "The Way He Won Her."
FERNANDE MAY TRIO.
DIONNE TWIN SISTERS.
BONNIE GAYLOR.
THE GREAT LE PAGES.
FRED AND ANNIE PELOT.
THE KINDRODME; NEW VIEWS.

Every evening (except Sunday), 25c, 50c, 75c. Matinee Tuesday, Thursday, Saturday, 10c, 25c, 50c.

LYRIC THEATRE

First Matinee Today at 2:30
OF THE BIG MUSICAL COMEDY.

THE
YANKEE DOODLE GIRLS

All Seats, 25 cents.
Get seats early for tonight and don't be disappointed, as hundreds were last Saturday night.

NEXT MATINEE MONDAY.

Brushes Brushes

TOOTH HAIR
BATH NAIL
CLOTH, ETC.

WE HAVE ALL VARIETIES OF THE HIGHEST GRADE.

Halliday Drug Co.

Between Salt Lake and Orpheum Theatres.
BRUSHES BRUSHES.

CHAMBERLAIN MUSIC CO.

JOHN M. CHAMBERLAIN, Proprietor.
51 Main street.
Successors to Vaneant & Chamberlain.

Reliable pianos and organs at low prices. Every customer is a friend made by square dealing.

Come and see us and we will prove it to you.

Our Glasses

always give the best of satisfaction in make, style and correctness. They can't be duplicated, and they always stay fitted. TOO. That's one of their beauties.

RUSHMER

72 WEST 1ST SOUTH.
Both 'phones: Bell, 1363 K. Ind. 1763.

All of the People

who have bought diamonds of us have made good investments. They each have a good diamond and paid us less than it can be bought for now.

We are prepared to sustain our reputation for diamonds.

Established 1862

Park's JEWELRY STORE

170 MAIN ST.
REASONABLE PRICES



"THAT GOOD COAL."
Is assured to all who give us their orders. All sizes, 2,000 POUNDS IN EVERY TON.

Bamberger
121 MEIGHN STREET.

E.M. FRIEDMAN & CO.

CLOTHIERS
145 Main St.

We carry a complete line of underwear—all sizes, prices and styles. Our stock includes Wright's Health Underwear.

Non-Irritating—Always Soft. And much more durable than the ordinary kind.

SEE THE

Columbian Optical Co

FIRST

Have your eyesight sharpened. You can then see America and Europe

259 So. Main St.

If It Happens It's in The Herald.

WALKER BROTHERS

BANKERS.
(INCORPORATED)
Established 1859.

CAPITAL ... \$20,000 SURPLUS ... \$75,000
Absorbed the Salt Lake City Branch of Wells, Fargo & Co.'s Bank.

Safety Deposit Boxes for Rent.
Travelers' Letters of Credit issued, available in all parts of the World.

We invite your account.

L. S. HILLS, President.
MOSES THATCHER, Vice President.
E. H. YOUNG, Cashier.
E. H. HILLS, Assistant Cashier.
U. S. DEPOSITORY.

Deseret National Bank

Salt Lake City, Utah.
CAPITAL ... \$500,000
SURPLUS ... \$250,000

Safety Deposit Boxes for Rent.

J. E. COSGROVE, H. P. CLARK,
President, Cashier.
Open an account With

Commercial National Bank

An Exponent of Conservatism Combined with Enterprise.

A. H. PEABODY, Asst. Cashier.

THE DESERET SAVINGS BANK

DIRECTORS:
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L. S. HILLS, John R. Barrows, John C. Cutler, David Eccles, A. W. Carlson, George Romney, John R. Winder, Reed Smoot, E. R. Eldredge, W. P. James.

Four per cent interest paid on savings deposits.

MCCORNICK & CO

BANKERS.
SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH.
Established 1873.

THE STATE BANK

OF UTAH,
SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH.
(Established